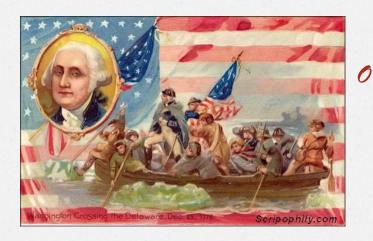
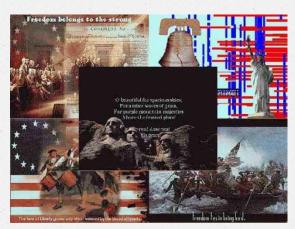
Causes of the Revolution









Mercantilism

Economic system that bases a nations wealth and power on the amount of gold and silver in its treasury.





- A war between the British and the French.
- Colonists fought for the British.
- Native Americans fought for the French.
- The British won, receiving all lands east of the Mississippi River, except New Orleans.
- Colonists were not allowed to settle the land they helped win.
- Colonists were taxed to pay the war cost.





- Prohibited colonists from settling west of the Appalachian Mountains
- Brought in 10,000 British troops to keep the settlers out of the Ohio Valley.
- Taxed the colonists to pay for the 10,000 soldiers.

Sugar Act

Lowered the tax on imported sugar and molasses.



Stamp Act

Required stamps to be purchased and placed on newspapers, almanacs, pamphlets, books, legal documents, playing cards or any paper products.

affix the STAMP.

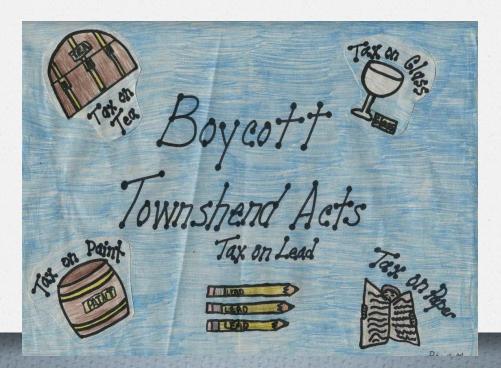
STAMP ACT

Opposition to the 1765 was intense in the American colonies. The British needed to recoup losses from the French and Indian War, but the colonists argued

Parliament failed to obtain their consent.



Imposed a tax on imported goods like glass, lead, paint, paper and tea.





- Encounter between British troops and citizens of Boston
- Patriots antagonized British troops, who were quartered in Boston for the purpose of discouraging demonstrations against the Townshend Acts.
- British troops fired on the Patriots, killing 5 people

Tea Act

Permitted the British East India Tea Company to sell tea at a lower price than colonial tea companies.



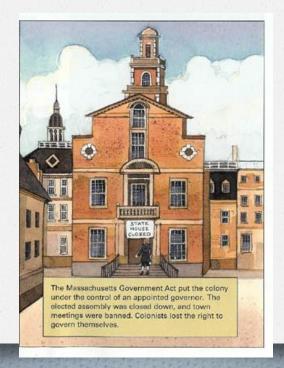


- A protest against the Tea Act of 1773.
- Colonist dressed as Indians and dumped British tea into Boston harbor





- Closed down state legislatures.
- Closed Boston harbor.



Quartering Act

Required the colonists to provide shelter and supplies to British troops.

